Supply of drinking water in Uttar Pradesh villages

1734. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of villages in Uttar Pradesh which have not been provided with drinking water facility as on June, 1986;

(b) the number of villages of Uttar Pradesh provided with drinking water facility during the last three years; and

(c) the details of steps taken by Government to provide drinking water to the remaining villages?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI RAMANAND YADAV): (a) In Uttar Pradesh out of the 28505 un-covered problem villages identified at the beginning of the Sixth Plan and 42578 problem villages identified subsequently, 38313 villages have been reported as either fully or partially covered upto June, 1986. Thus at the end of June, 1986, 32770 problem villages remained to be provided with drinking water facilities.

(b) The position regarding the number of villages provided with drinking water facilities either fully or partially covered during the last three years is reported as under:

1983-84	11554
1984-85	8188
1985-86	8827

(c) The formulation and implementation of rural water supply schemes is the responsibility of the State Governments. The Central Government supplements the efforts of the States by providing financial assistance under the Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP). In 1985-86, a sum of Rs. 46 crores was given to Uttar Pradesh under ARWSP. In the curent year there is an allocation of Rs. 46.15 crores of which Rs. 23.07 crores had already been released to the State. In 1986-87 Uttar Pradesh's target for providing drinking water facilities is 5515 villages. Upto Septmber, 1986, the State had reported a coverage of 4310 villages.

The district of Mirzapur in Uttar Pradesh has been included in the first phase of programme under the Technology Mission for Drinking Water in villages and Related Water Management in 1986-87.

Production of steel

1735. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) what was the target fixed for the different public sector steel plants during the last three years, yearwise and plant-wise;

(b) the requirement of steel in the country during the same period, yearwise;

(c) the actual quantity of steel produced during the last three years, yearwise and plant-wise; and

(d) the total imports of steel made during the same period, yearwise?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) and (c) The targets fixed and the actual production of saleable steel at the integrated steel plants of SAIL during the years 1983-84 to 1985-86 are indicated below:

Plant	1983-84		1984-85		1985-86	
	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual
Bhilai Steel Plant . .	1460	1575	1840	1810	2040	2055
Durgapur Steel Plant .	658	602	726	821	720	723
Rourkela Steel Plant . .	838	862	940	1013	1000	1005
Bokaro Steel Plant . .	1275	1288	1500	1459	1720	1721
Indian Iron and Steel Company Ltd. . . .	500	444	410	380	480	500
SAIL Grp .	4731	4771	5410	5283	5960	6004

(b) The Joint Plant Committee of the main producers had assessed the demand of finished steel for the years 1983-84, 1984-85 and 1985-86 as follows:—

(in Million Tonnes)

Year	Demand
1983-84	9.9
1984-85	9.0
1985-86	11.3

(d) Data on total imports of steel during the years 1983-84, 1984-85 and 1985-86 is yet to be published by the DGCI&S.

Profit/loss accounts of Super Bazar, Delhi

1736. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) the profit or loss accounts of the Super Bazar, New Delhi during the period from April, 1984 to July, 1986;

(b) the steps taken by Government to streamline the administration of the Super Bazar; and

(c) whether any enquiry is proposed to be conducted into the affairs of the Super Bazar?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) The profit earned by Super Bazar in the Cooperative Year (July to June) 1984-85 was Rs. 16.49 lakhs. The accounts for 1985-86 are still under audit.

(b) Super Bazar has made considerable progress in recent years in terms of coverage, sales turnover and profitabilty. The working of the Super Bazar is being reviewed periodically by the Department of Civil Supplies. The suggestions for improvement on various aspects of the working of the Super Bazar are made in such review meetings. The progress of implementation of these suggestions is watched. The Super Bazar has recently streamlined its personnel policy and revised its Recruitment and Promotion Rules.

(c) There is no proposal to conduct any enquiry into the affairs of the Super Bazar.

Rengali Dam Project

1737. SHRI CHITTA BASU: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that about 60,000 people of Sambalpur and Dhenkanal districts of Orissa, who